



EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Secretariat-General

Directorate B - Institutional and Administrative Policies

SG.B.1-Corporate Management, Budget and Administration

FRAMEWORK PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT NUMBER: SG-FPA-2015-1

The **European Union** (hereinafter referred to as "the Union"), represented by the European Commission (hereinafter referred to as "the Commission"), represented for the purposes of signature of this Framework partnership agreement by Catherine DAY, Secretary General,

on the one part,

and

The European University Institute
Via dei Roccettini 9
I-50016 SAN DOMENICO DI FIESOLE (FI)

hereinafter referred to as "the partner", represented for the purposes of signature of this Framework partnership agreement by Pasquale FERARRA, Secretary General

on the other part,

HAVE AGREED

to the Special Conditions (hereinafter referred to as "the Special Conditions") and the following Annexes:

Annex I Actions planned under the partnership, roles and responsibilities (hereinafter referred to as the Action plan)

Annex II General Conditions (hereinafter referred to as "the General Conditions")

Annex III Model specific grant agreement

which form an integral part of this Framework partnership agreement, hereinafter referred to as "the Framework agreement".

The terms set out in the Special Conditions, of which the Preamble forms an integral part, shall take precedence over those set out in the Annexes.

The terms of Annex II "General Conditions" shall take precedence over the other Annexes.

PREAMBLE

The European Union and the European University Institute in Florence (EUI) have been partners in the management of the historical archives of the European Union for three decades. This mutually beneficial cooperation was recently embedded in EU law by way of Council Regulation 2015/496¹, amending Council Regulation 354/83 (hereinafter: the Archives Regulation).

Under the amended Archives Regulation all EU institutions², with the exception of the Court of Justice of the EU and the European Central bank, shall deposit their historical archives at the EUI once these archives have been opened to the public. In accordance with the Archives Regulation, the Court of Justice of the EU and the European Central bank may also deposit their historical archives at the EUI on a voluntary basis.

The purpose of the deposit of the EU historical archives at the EUI is to provide access to the EU archives from a single location, to promote their consultation and to stimulate research into the history of European integration and the European institutions.

The general objectives which the depositing institutions share with the European University Institute with regard to the historical archives of the European Union are the following:

- to ensure the fullest and most effective public access to the historical archives of the European Union;
- to bring the historical archives of the EU institutions together at a single location where they can be made available for public consultation;
- to give a new impetus to the preservation and dissemination of the heritage of the EU institutions by adding value to, and promoting public consultation of, these archives;
- to promote the parallel acquisition, by the EUI, of private archives as a complement to the institutional archives in order to achieve the greatest possible intelligibility and comprehension of the history of the construction of Europe;
- to obtain lasting synergies in the work of the EU institutions and the EUI that will lead to a more efficient management of the historical archives of the EU and to their increased accessibility, notably by a better division of work reflecting their mutual responsibilities for opening these to the public.

The Archives Regulation provides that, on behalf of the depositing institutions, the Commission shall conclude a framework partnership agreement with the EUI. It furthermore provides that the framework partnership agreement shall include detailed provisions on the mutual roles and responsibilities of the institutions and the EUI for the management of historical archives of the Union, including their deposit, preservation, access and public consultation.³

¹ OJ L79, 25.03.2015, p.1

² In article 1.1 of the Archives Regulation, “institutions” are defined as “*each institution of the European Community and of the European Atomic Energy Community, as well as the European Economic and Social Committee, the Committee of Regions, agencies and similar bodies set up by the legislator*”.

³ OJ L43, 15.2.83, p.1.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

ARTICLE I.1 – SUBJECT MATTER OF THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT. AWARD OF SPECIFIC GRANTS

I.1.1 Subject matter of the Framework agreement

I.1.1.1 The Framework agreement is concluded in accordance with Council Regulation 354/83 as part of the long-term cooperation between the Commission and the European University Institute (hereinafter referred to as "the partnership") with the aim to contribute to the objectives of the Union policy regarding the management of the EU Historical Archives referred to in the Preamble.

The Framework agreement defines the general rights and obligations of the parties in implementing their partnership. It includes detailed provisions on the mutual roles and responsibilities of the partners for the management of the historical archives of the Union, including their deposit, preservation, access and public consultation.

I.1.1.2 The partnership shall be implemented in compliance with the Action plan, as set out in Annex I.

The partner shall submit each year an annual work programme which shall be jointly agreed by the parties in accordance with the provisions set out in Annex I. The work programme shall serve as a basis for the award of any specific grants during the year in question.

I.1.1.3 For the purposes of implementing the partnership the Commission may award to the partner specific grants for an action.

The Framework agreement shall apply to any specific grant awarded for implementation of the partnership and to the respective specific grant agreements (hereinafter referred to as "Specific agreements") concluded between the parties.

Signature of the Framework agreement shall not give rise to any obligation of the Commission to award specific grants. It shall be without prejudice to the partner's participation in other calls for proposals for the purposes of award of grants outside the scope of the Action plan set out in Annex I.

I.1.1.4 Articles II.12.4, II.23.2(d)(ii) and II.25.3.3(c) shall not apply.

I.1.2 Procedure for award of specific grants

The partner will submit a proposal for action to the Commission on the basis of the Action plan set out in Annex I, the annual work programme jointly agreed between the parties and the technical and financial criteria stipulated by the Commission that the actions must satisfy if they are to qualify for a grant.

I.1.3. Conclusion of Specific agreements

Where the Commission decides to award a specific grant, it shall propose to the partner to sign a Specific agreement in accordance with the model set out in Annex III. The Specific

agreement shall be signed by the authorized representatives of the parties.

By signing the Specific agreement, the partner shall agree to carry out the action acting on its own responsibility in accordance with the terms and conditions laid down in the Framework agreement and the Specific agreement.

Specific agreements shall be signed before the date when the Framework agreement expires. Where the actions are carried out after the above-mentioned date, the terms of the Framework agreement shall continue to apply to the implementation of the Specific agreements governed by the Framework agreement.

ARTICLE I.2 – ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT AND DURATION OF THE PARTERSHIP

I.2.1 The Framework agreement shall enter into force on the date on which the last party signs.

I.2.2 The Framework agreement shall be concluded for a period of four years starting from the date of its entry into force.

ARTICLE I.3 – DATA CONTROLLER AND COMMUNICATION DETAILS OF THE PARTIES

I.3.1 Data controller

The entity acting as a data controller according to Article II.6 shall be Unit B.1 - Corporate Management, Budget and Administration of the Secretariat General of the European Commission.

I.3.2 Communication details of the Commission

Any communication addressed to the Commission shall be sent to the following address:

European Commission
Secretariat General
Directorate B - Institutional and Administrative Policies
Unit B.1 - Corporate Management, Budget and Administration
Office: BERL 6/341
BE-1049 Brussels
E-mail: julien.guerrier@ec.europa.eu

I.3.3 Communication details of the partner

Any communication from the Commission to the partner shall be sent to the following address:

European University Institute
Pasquale FERRARA
Secretary General
Badia Fiesolana – 9, Via Dei Roccettini
I-50014 SAN DOMENICO DI FIESOLE
E-mail: pasquale.ferrara@eui.eu

ARTICLE I.4 – ELIGIBILITY OF EQUIPMENT COSTS

By way of derogation from Article II.19.2(c), the full cost of purchase of equipment shall be eligible.

ARTICLE I.5 – SPECIAL PROVISIONS ON BUDGET TRANSFERS

By way of derogation from the first subparagraph of Article II.22, budget transfers between budget categories are limited to 10% of the amount of each budget category for which the transfer is intended.

ARTICLE I.6 – PARTNER WHICH IS AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION

I.6.1 Dispute settlement - Arbitration

- (a) By way of derogation from Article II.18, any dispute between the Commission and the partner relating to the Framework agreement and any Specific agreement, which cannot be settled amicably shall be referred to an arbitration committee in accordance with the procedure specified in points (b) to (g).
- (b) When notifying the other party of its intention to resort to arbitration, the notifying party shall also inform the other party about its appointed arbitrator. The second party shall appoint its arbitrator within one month of receipt of that written notification. The two arbitrators shall, by joint agreement and within three months of the appointment of the second party's arbitrator, appoint a third arbitrator who shall be the chairman of the arbitration committee, unless both parties agreed to have a sole arbitrator.
- (c) Within one month of the appointment of the third arbitrator, the parties shall agree on the terms of reference of the arbitration committee, including the procedure to be followed.
- (d) The arbitration proceedings shall take place in Brussels.
- (e) The arbitration committee shall apply the terms of the Framework agreement and any Specific agreement. The arbitration committee shall set out in its arbitral award detailed grounds for its decision.
- (f) The arbitral award shall be final and binding upon the parties, which hereby expressly agree to renounce any form of appeal or revision.
- (g) The costs, including all reasonable fees incurred by the parties related to any arbitration, shall be apportioned between the parties by the arbitration committee.

I.6.2 Checks and audits

The competent bodies of the Union shall address any requests for checks or audits pursuant to the provisions of Article II.27 to the Secretary General of the partner.

The partner shall make available to the competent bodies of the Union, upon request, all relevant financial information, including statements of accounts concerning the action, where it implements the action or where its affiliated entities or a subcontractor take part in the action.

I.6.3 Applicable law

By derogation from Article II.18.1, the Framework agreement and any Specific agreement shall be governed by the applicable Union Law complemented where necessary by the law of Belgium.

I.6.4 Privileges and immunities

Nothing in the Framework agreement and any Specific agreement shall be interpreted as a waiver of any privileges or immunities which are accorded to the partner by its constituent documents or international law.

SIGNATURES

For the partner
The Secretary General
Pasquale Ferrara

For the Commission
The Secretary General
Catherine Day

signature
Done at Firenze, on

signature
Done at Brussels, on

In duplicate in English

ANNEX I

ACTIONS PLANNED UNDER THE PARTNERSHIP, ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

1. The deposit of the EU historical archives at the European University Institute (EUI)

- a) The original documents and files of the institutions¹ of the European Union which are a part of the 'historical archives' in the sense of article 1 paragraph 2 of the Council Regulation 354/83² (hereafter 'Archives Regulation'), will be deposited at the EUI in accordance with the provisions of that Regulation and the conditions stipulated in this partnership agreement.
- b) Hereafter, "deposit of the historical archives at the EUI" means both the physical deposit at the EUI for permanent preservation of the original documents contained in the non-digital archives and the granting of permanent access to the documents contained in the digital archives.
- c) In accordance with article 8.4 of the Archives Regulation and point 3 of the annex, the EUI will respect the principle of provenance and will not modify the arrangement and classification³ established by the depositing institutions⁴ nor eliminate, alter or destroy documents or files.
- d) Further to article 8.7 of the Archives Regulation, the EUI will consult the depositing institutions before recruiting the person mainly responsible for the management of the EU Historical Archives.
- e) Before depositing their archives at the EUI, the depositing institutions will identify, appraise, declassify, describe and prepare the archives for public consultation in accordance with the Archives Regulation and with recognised international archival standards.⁵
- f) The depositing institutions will provide transport to the EUI of the non-digital archives, including any related insurance costs.
- g) Within a month after the reception of deposited documents and files, the EUI will send an acknowledgement of receipt to the depositing institutions concerned.

¹ In article 1.1 of the Archives Regulation, "institutions" are defined as "*each institution of the European Community and of the European Atomic Energy Community, as well as the European Economic and Social Committee, the Committee of Regions, agencies and similar bodies set up by the legislator*".

² OJ L43, 15.2.1983, p.1.

³ "Arrangement" refers to the organisation and sequence of items within the archives taking account of their provenance and original order, "Classification" refers to the systematic identification of records and archives as defined in ISO standard 15489.

⁴ At present the European Parliament, the Council of Ministers, the European Commission, the European Court of Auditors, the European Economic and Social Committee, the European Investment Bank and the CEDEFOP deposit their historical archives at the EUI.

⁵ Such as the ICA standards ISAD(G) and ISAAR (CPF).

2. Preservation of non-digital archives at the EUI

- a) The deposited non-digital documents and files will be preserved in a purpose built repository at the Villa “Salviati”, which has been made permanently and freely available to the EUI for this purpose by the Italian government.
- b) Original documents and files may not be given in loan to a third party, e.g. for an exhibition, without the express prior consent of the depositing institution.
- c) Further to article 8.6 and 8.8 of the Archives Regulation, the EUI will immediately inform the depositing institutions concerned of any circumstances that could put at risk the preservation or protection of the deposited archives. It will take adequate steps to mitigate any such danger.
- d) In accordance with article 8.8. of the Archives Regulation, the EUI will provide its full cooperation to any depositing institution that wishes to carry out an inspection of its deposited archives.

3. Description

- a) The depositing institutions will provide descriptions for all deposited archives. These descriptions should be structured in accordance with recognised archival standards and accompanied by an overview of the transferred material.
- b) In cooperation with the depositing institutions, the EUI will draft guidelines for description that set out the descriptive metadata required for the deposited archives. In order to permit the online dissemination of the archives via the Archives Portal Europe, these guidelines will be compatible with the standards used for that portal.
- c) The EUI will respect the copyright and intellectual property rights of the depositing institutions for their finding aids.
- d) After consulting the depositing institutions and in accordance with the guidelines for description (see 3.b) the EUI may consolidate and complement the transfer lists and finding aids provided by the depositing institutions.
- e) In accordance with the above, the EUI will prepare and publish inventories and other finding aids for the archives deposited at the EUI in accordance with recognised international archival standards.⁶ It will publish the finding aids for the EU historical archives on the internet.

4. Ensuring access and promoting public consultation of the archives

- a) The EUI will provide free of charge public access to the deposited documents and files.
- b) The EUI will provide onsite access to the EU historical archives in a dedicated reading room during normal working hours as published on the webpages of the EUI. The reading room will comply with internationally recognised standards and will be suitably equipped for the consultation of digital finding aids and archives.
- c) In order to protect the originals of paper documents and files from deterioration, access will preferably be given to a microform or digital copy. If there is no duplicate available, if the quality of the duplicate is not sufficient or if the duplicate is not

⁶ Ibid.

suitable for a specific purpose of consultation, access may be given to the original document

- d) The EUI will progressively provide online access to the EU historical archives available in digital form.
- e) In order to facilitate online access to the EU historical archives, the depositing institutions will, whenever possible, provide access to digital copies of the deposited paper archives.
- f) The EUI will progressively integrate online access to the EU historical archives in the Archives Portal for Europe and will comply with the standards used by the Archives Portal for Europe. It will coordinate its input in the Archives Portal for Europe with the depositing institutions.
- g) The preceding provisions do not exclude that the EU Institutions give direct public access to their own historical archives.
- h) To promote the accessibility of the archives the EUI and the depositing institutions will endeavour to coordinate the presentation of the archives on their respective websites and to provide links between these sites.
- i) In order to promote and facilitate access and consultation of the historical archives of the EU, the EUI will organise, alone or in collaboration with one or more depositing institutions, promotion actions such as exhibitions, symposia, programmes of grants for researchers, etc.

5. Data protection

- a) The EUI will cooperate with the depositing institutions to observe the data protection provisions set out in Regulation (EU) No 45/2001 that apply to the historical archives of the EU institutions.
- b) The EUI will act as processor for personal data contained in the deposited historical archives of the EU institutions in accordance with article 2 of Regulation (EC) 45/2001⁷, under instructions from the depositing institutions.
- c) Each depositing institution will continue to act as controller for the personal data contained in the archives that it has deposited at the EUI. It will provide instructions to the EUI in order to ensure that any personal data contained in the deposited archives are processed in accordance with the guarantees set out in Regulation (EU) No 45/2001. These may include, among others:
 - instructions on how to provide access to the public (on paper, in digital format, via the internet);
 - the possible conditions to apply to public access or reuse;
 - whether or not parts of the paper archives may be digitised and, if so, under what conditions,.

⁷ OJ L8, 12.1.2001 p. 1

6. The acquisition and treatment of private archives

- a) The EUI undertakes to acquire, describe, and prepare for public consultation, private collections of individual persons, public organs or private organisations that have contributed to the construction of Europe. These private collections should serve as a complement to, and contribute to a better understanding of the historical archives deposited by the EU institutions.
- b) The acquisition of private collections by the EUI will cover the following areas:
 - papers deposited by former Commissioners and high level civil servants of the EU institutions. The EUI will ensure that such deposits are made in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations in force at these institutions;
 - personal papers of the MEPs, in the framework of the agreement signed by EP, EC and EUI on 17 January 2008;
 - documents deposited by high level political personalities that played an important role in the process of European integration from 1920 till today;
 - archives of historical interest deposited by European movements or political groups and parties;
 - copies of archives held by the National Archives of the EU member states related to the Treaties negotiations and the EU enlargements.
- c) The EUI will ensure that any personal data contained in the private archives are processed in accordance with the applicable data protection laws. The deposit agreement will determine which law is applicable and who will act as data controller and as data processor.
- d) The EUI will treat documents in private collections that originate from one of the EU institutions in accordance with the security and access to documents legislation applicable to the institution concerned. To this end
 - the EUI will submit any requests for public access to documents that have not yet been opened to the public in accordance with the Archives Regulation, to the institution concerned;
 - the EUI will seek to declassify any documents with a security classification in cooperation with the institution concerned.
- e) The EUI will include proposals for the acquisition and treatment of private archives in its annual work programme, including a short description of the origin, content and volume of the collections concerned as well as the resources required for their processing and preservation. The EUI will inform the Commission if other opportunities to acquire private archives arise in the course of the year. The Commission will, in turn, inform the other depositing institutions.
- f) The acquisition of private archives will not in any way affect the primary responsibility of the EUI to collect and provide public access to the historical archives deposited at the EUI by the EU institutions, as set out in this agreement.

7. Digitisation and source publications

- a) The depositing institutions and the EUI envisage to:
 - digitise selected parts of the archives deposited at the EUI
 - prepare one or more thematic publication(s) of primary sources on European integration.
- b) Digitisation of deposited paper archives requires the express prior consent of the depositing institution and will be subject to the instructions provided by that institution for data protection purposes (see 5.c above).
- c) The EUI will include proposals for the digitisation of selected parts of the archives deposited at the EUI and for a thematic publication of source materials in the annual work programme.
- d) In their respective digitisation activities, the depositing institutions and the EUI will seek to maximise synergies and complementarities.

8. Annual budget and work programme

- a) The EUI will submit a draft annual budget and work programme to all the depositing institutions no later than 15 February of the year preceding the financial year concerned. In addition, the EUI will provide preliminary figures of its draft annual budget to the Commission no later than 15 January of the year preceding the financial year concerned.
- b) The draft annual budget and work programme will be discussed during the year preceding its implementation. The Commission will consult the other depositing institutions in accordance with a governance agreement adopted by the Inter-institutional Archives Group.
- c) In accordance with article I.1.1.2 of the special conditions, the final annual budget and work programme shall be jointly agreed by the Commission - on behalf of the depositing institutions - and the EUI before the start of the corresponding financial year and shall serve as a basis for the award of any grants for the year in question. Within two weeks of its approval, the EUI will send the final annual budget and work programme to each depositing institution.
- d) The EUI shall report at least once per semester to the depositing institutions, via the Interinstitutional Archives Group, on the implementation of the work programme. The reports will specify whether the work programme needs to be modified and, if so, propose modifications for the approval of the depositing institutions.

9. Closure of accounts and reporting on the annual budget and work programme

- a) After the close of each calendar year the EUI will provide to each depositing institution, for all operations covered, a cost and revenue statement for that year, which will be the basis for the closure in that year.
- b) After the close of each calendar year, the EUI shall establish an annual activity report. The payment of the balance of the annual grant is subject to the approval of the annual activity report by the Commission which will consult the other depositing institutions.
- c) The EUI will send the final annual activity report to each depositing institution.

10. Common rules

The EUI undertakes to make available on its premises all the documents needed for administrative or budgetary auditing.

Article 16 of the Financial Regulation⁸ and its Rules of Application shall apply in case the EU budget has not been finally adopted by 1 January of year n.

The EUI or the Commission will call a meeting of all depositing institutions, at their own initiative or at the request of one or more of the other depositing institutions, to discuss any problems which may arise with respect to the implementation of this partnership agreement.

⁸ Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union and repealing Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1605/2002 (OJ L 298, 26.10.2012, p. 1)

ANNEX II GENERAL CONDITIONS

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PART A – LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

ARTICLE II.1 – GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTNER

The partner shall:

- (a) respect the common general objectives that formed the basis for establishing the partnership, as mentioned in the Preamble and in the Action plan set out in Annex I, and endeavour to achieve in practice those objectives in each action for which a specific grant is awarded;
- (b) maintain relations of mutual co-operation and regular and transparent exchanges of information with the Commission on the implementation and the follow-up to implementation of the Action plan set out in Annex I and of any specific grant awarded by the Commission under the Framework agreement, as well as on other matters of common interest related to the Framework agreement;
- (c) be responsible for complying with any legal obligations incumbent on it;
- (d) be responsible for carrying out the actions, for which specific grants were awarded, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Framework agreement and the Specific agreements;
- (e) inform the Commission immediately of any change in its legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation and of any change in its name, address or legal representative;
- (f) inform the Commission immediately of any change likely to affect or delay the implementation of an action, for which a specific grant was awarded, of which the partner is aware.

ARTICLE II.2 – COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN THE PARTIES

II.2.1 Form and means of communications

Any communication relating to the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement or to their implementation shall be made in writing (in paper or electronic form), shall bear the number of the agreement concerned and shall be made using the communication details identified in Article I.3.

Electronic communications shall be confirmed by an original signed paper version of that communication if requested by any of the parties provided that this request is submitted without unjustified delay. The sender shall send the original signed paper version without unjustified delay.

Formal notifications shall be made by registered mail with return receipt or equivalent, or by equivalent electronic means.

II.2.2 Date of communications

Any communication is deemed to have been made when it is received by the receiving party, unless the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement refer to the date when the communication was sent.

Electronic communication is deemed to have been received by the receiving party on the day of successful dispatch of that communication, provided that it is sent to the addressees listed in Article I.3. Dispatch shall be deemed unsuccessful if the sending party receives a message of non-delivery. In this case, the sending party shall immediately send again such communication to any of the other addresses listed in Article I.3. In case of unsuccessful dispatch, the sending party shall not be held in breach of its obligation to send such communication within a specified deadline.

Mail sent to the Commission using the postal services is considered to have been received by the Commission on the date on which it is registered by the department identified in Article I.3.2.

Formal notifications made by registered mail with return receipt or equivalent, or by equivalent electronic means, shall be considered to have been received by the receiving party on the date of receipt indicated on the return receipt or equivalent.

ARTICLE II.3 – LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES

II.3.1 The Commission shall not be held liable for any damage caused or sustained by the partner, including any damage caused to third parties as a consequence of or during the implementation of an action.

II.3.2 Except in cases of force majeure, the partner shall compensate the Commission for any damage sustained by it as a result of the implementation of an action or because an action was not implemented or implemented poorly, partially or late.

ARTICLE II.4 - CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

II.4.1 The partner shall take all necessary measures to prevent any situation where the impartial and objective implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreements is compromised for reasons involving economic interest, political or national affinity, family or emotional ties or any other shared interest (“conflict of interests”).

II.4.2 Any situation constituting or likely to lead to a conflict of interests during the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreements shall be notified to the Commission, in writing, without delay. The partner shall immediately take all the necessary steps to rectify this situation. The Commission reserves the right to verify that the measures taken are appropriate and may require additional measures to be taken within a specified deadline.

ARTICLE II.5 – CONFIDENTIALITY

- II.5.1** The Commission and the partner shall preserve the confidentiality of any information and documents, in any form, which are disclosed in writing or orally in relation to the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreements and which are explicitly indicated in writing as confidential.
- II.5.2** The partner shall not use confidential information and documents for any reason other than fulfilling its obligations under the Framework agreement and the Specific agreements, unless otherwise agreed with the Commission in writing.
- II.5.3** The Commission and the partner shall be bound by the obligations referred to in Articles II.5.1 and II.5.2 during the implementation of the Framework agreement and the Specific agreements and for a period of five years starting from the payment of the balance under the Specific agreement concerned, unless:
- (a) the concerned party agrees to release the other party from the confidentiality obligations earlier;
 - (b) the confidential information becomes public through other means than in breach of the confidentiality obligation through disclosure by the party bound by that obligation;
 - (c) the disclosure of the confidential information is required by law.

ARTICLE II.6 – PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

II.6.1 Processing of personal data by the Commission

Any personal data included in the Framework agreement and the Specific agreements shall be processed by the Commission pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data.

Such data shall be processed by the data controller identified in Article I.3.1 solely for the purposes of the implementation, management and monitoring of the Framework agreement and the Specific agreements, without prejudice to possible transmission to the bodies charged with the monitoring or inspection tasks in application of Union law.

The partner shall have the right of access to his/her personal data and the right to rectify any such data. Should the partner have any queries concerning the processing of his/her personal data, He/she shall address them to the data controller, identified in Article I.3.1.

The partner shall have the right of recourse at any time to the European Data Protection Supervisor.

II.6.2 Processing of personal data by the partner

Where the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement requires the processing of personal data by the partner, the partner may act only under the supervision of the data controller identified in Article I.3.1, in particular with regard to the purpose of the processing, the categories of data which may be processed, the recipients of the data and the means by which the data subject may exercise his or her rights.

The access to data that the partner grants to its personnel shall be limited to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the Framework agreement and the Specific agreements.

The partner undertakes to adopt appropriate technical and organisational security measures having regard to the risks inherent in the processing and to the nature of the personal data concerned, in order to:

- (a) prevent any unauthorised person from gaining access to computer systems processing personal data, and especially:
 - (i) unauthorised reading, copying, alteration or removal of storage media;
 - (ii) unauthorised data input as well as any unauthorised disclosure, alteration or erasure of stored personal data;
 - (iii) unauthorised persons from using data-processing systems by means of data transmission facilities;
- (b) ensure that authorised users of a data-processing system can access only the personal data to which their access right refers;
- (c) record which personal data have been communicated, when and to whom;
- (d) ensure that personal data being processed on behalf of third parties can be processed only in the manner prescribed by the Commission;
- (e) ensure that, during communication of personal data and transport of storage media, the data cannot be read, copied or erased without authorisation;
- (f) design its organisational structure in such a way that it meets data protection requirements.

ARTICLE II.7 – VISIBILITY OF UNION FUNDING

II.7.1 Information on Union funding and use of European Union emblem

Unless the Commission requests or agrees otherwise, any communication or publication related to an action, made by the partner, including at conferences, seminars or in any information or promotional materials (such as brochures, leaflets, posters, presentations, etc.), shall indicate that the action has received funding from the Union and shall display the European Union emblem.

When displayed in association with another logo, the European Union emblem must have appropriate prominence.

The obligation to display the European Union emblem does not confer to the partner a right of exclusive use. The partner shall not appropriate the European Union emblem or any similar trademark or logo, either by registration or by any other means.

For the purposes of the first, second and third subparagraphs and under the conditions specified therein, the partner is exempted from the obligation to obtain prior permission from the Commission to use the European Union emblem.

II.7.2 Disclaimers excluding Commission responsibility

Any communication or publication related to an action, made by the partner in any form and using any means, shall indicate that it reflects only the author's view and that the Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

ARTICLE II.8 – PRE-EXISTING RIGHTS AND OWNERSHIP AND USE OF THE RESULTS (INCLUDING INTELLECTUAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY RIGHTS)

II.8.1 Ownership of the results by the partner

Unless stipulated otherwise in the Specific agreement, ownership of the results of an action, including industrial and intellectual property rights, and of the reports and other documents relating to it, shall be vested in the partner.

II.8.2 Pre-existing industrial and intellectual property rights

Where industrial and intellectual property rights, including rights of third parties, exist prior to the conclusion of the Specific agreement, the partner shall establish a list which shall specify all rights of ownership and use of the pre-existing industrial and intellectual property rights and disclose it to the Commission at the latest before the commencement of implementation.

The partner shall ensure that it or its affiliated entities have all the rights to use any pre-existing industrial and intellectual property rights during the implementation of the Specific agreement.

II.8.3 Rights of use of the results and of pre-existing rights by the Union

Without prejudice to Articles II.1, II.3 and II.8.1, the partner grants the Union the right to use the results of an action for the following purposes:

- (a) use for its own purposes, and in particular, making available to persons working for the Commission, other Union institutions, agencies and bodies and to Member States' institutions, as well as, copying and reproducing in whole or in part and in unlimited number of copies;
- (b) distribution to the public, and in particular, publication in hard copies and in electronic or digital format, publication on the internet, including on the Europa website, as a downloadable or non-downloadable file, broadcasting by any kind of technique of transmission, public display or presentation, communication through press information services, inclusion in widely accessible databases or indexes;
- (c) translation;
- (d) giving access upon individual requests without the right to reproduce or exploit, as provided for by Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 May 2001 regarding public access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents;
- (e) storage in paper, electronic or other format;
- (f) archiving in line with the document management rules applicable to the Commission;
- (g) rights to authorise or sub-licence the modes of exploitation set out in points (b) and (c) to third parties.

Additional rights of use for the Union may be provided for in the Specific agreement.

The partner shall warrant that the Union has the right to use any pre-existing industrial and intellectual property rights, which have been included in the results of an action. Unless specified otherwise in the Specific agreement, those pre-existing rights shall be used for the same purposes and under the same conditions applicable to the rights of use of the results of the action.

Information about the copyright owner shall be inserted when the result is divulged by the Union. The copyright information shall read: "© – year – name of the copyright owner. All rights reserved. Licenced to the European Union under conditions.".

ARTICLE II.9 – AWARD OF CONTRACTS NECESSARY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ACTION

II.9.1 Where the implementation of an action requires the procurement of goods, works or services, the partner shall award the contract to the tender offering best value for money or, as appropriate, to the tender offering the lowest price. In doing so, it shall avoid any conflict of interests.

A partner acting in its capacity of a contracting authority within the meaning of Directive 2004/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on the coordination of procedures for the award of public work contracts, public supply contracts and public service contracts or a contracting entity within the meaning of Directive 2004/17/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 coordinating the procurement procedures of entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors shall abide by the applicable national public procurement rules.

II.9.2 The partner shall retain sole responsibility for carrying out the action concerned and for compliance with the provisions of the Framework agreement and the Specific agreement. The partner shall ensure that any procurement contract contains provisions stipulating that the contractor has no rights vis-à-vis the Commission under the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement.

II.9.3. The partner shall ensure that the conditions applicable to it under Articles II.3, II.4, II.5, II.8 and II.27 are also applicable to the contractor.

ARTICLE II.10 – SUBCONTRACTING OF TASKS FORMING PART OF AN ACTION

II.10.1 A "subcontract" is a procurement contract within the meaning of Article II.9, which covers the implementation by a third party of tasks forming part of an action as described in Annex I of a Specific agreement.

II.10.2 The partner may subcontract tasks forming part of an action, provided that, in addition to the conditions specified in Article II.9 and the Special Conditions, the following conditions are complied with:

- (a) subcontracting only covers the implementation of a limited part of the action;
- (b) recourse to subcontracting is justified having regard to the nature of the action and what is necessary for its implementation;
- (c) the estimated costs of the subcontracting are clearly identifiable in the estimated budget set out in Annex II of the Specific agreement;
- (d) any recourse to subcontracting, if not provided for in Annex I of the Specific agreement, is communicated by the partner and approved by the Commission without prejudice to Article II.12.2;
- (e) the partner ensures that the conditions applicable to it under Article II.7 are also applicable to the subcontractor.

ARTICLE II.11 - FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THIRD PARTIES

II.11.1 Where the implementation of an action requires giving financial support to third parties, the partner shall give such financial support in accordance with the conditions specified in Annex I of the Specific agreement, which shall at least contain:

- (a) the maximum amount of financial support, which shall not exceed EUR 60 000 for each third party except where the financial support is the primary aim of the action as specified in Annex I of the Specific agreement;
- (b) the criteria for determining the exact amount of the financial support;
- (c) the different types of activity that may receive financial support, on the basis of a fixed list;
- (d) the definition of the persons or categories of persons which may receive financial support;
- (e) the criteria for giving the financial support.

II.11.2 By way of derogation from Article II.11.1, in case the financial support takes the form of a prize, the partner shall give such financial support in accordance with the conditions specified in Annex I of the Specific agreement, which shall at least contain:

- (a) the conditions for participation;
- (b) the award criteria;
- (c) the amount of the prize;
- (d) the payment arrangements.

II.11.3 The partner shall ensure that the conditions applicable to it under Articles II.3, II.4, II.5, II.7, II.8 and II.27 are also applicable to the third parties receiving financial support.

ARTICLE II.12 – AMENDMENTS TO THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT AND THE SPECIFIC AGREEMENTS

II.12.1 Any amendment to the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement shall be made in writing.

II.12.2 An amendment may not have the purpose or the effect of making changes to the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement which would call into question the Commission's decision to establish the framework partnership or to award the specific grant or which would be contrary to the equal treatment of applicants.

- II.12.3** Any request for amendment shall be duly justified and shall be sent to the other party in due time before it is due to take effect, and, as far as Specific agreements are concerned, at the latest one month before the end of the period set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement, except in cases duly substantiated by the party requesting the amendment and accepted by the other party.
- II.12.4** In case of a specific operating grant the period set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement shall not be extended via amendments.
- II.12.5** Amendments shall enter into force on the date on which the last party signs or on the date of approval of the request for amendment.

Amendments shall take effect on a date agreed by the parties or, in the absence of such an agreed date, on the date on which the amendment enters into force.

ARTICLE II.13 – ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS FOR PAYMENTS TO THIRD PARTIES

- II.13.1** Claims for payments of the partner against the Commission may not be assigned to third parties, except in duly justified cases where the situation warrants it.

The assignment shall only be enforceable against the Commission if it has accepted the assignment on the basis of a written and reasoned request to that effect made by the partner. In the absence of such an acceptance, or in the event of failure to observe the terms thereof, the assignment shall have no effect on the Commission.

- II.13.2** In no circumstances shall such an assignment release the partner from its obligations towards the Commission.

ARTICLE II.14 – FORCE MAJEURE

- II.14.1** "*Force majeure*" shall mean any unforeseeable exceptional situation or event beyond the parties' control, which prevents either of them from fulfilling any of their obligations under the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement, which was not attributable to error or negligence on their part or on the part of subcontractors, affiliated entities or third parties involved in the implementation and which proves to be inevitable in spite of exercising all due diligence. Any default of a service, defect in equipment or material or delays in making them available, unless they stem directly from a relevant case of force majeure, as well as labour disputes, strikes or financial difficulties cannot be invoked as *force majeure*.

- II.14.2** A party faced with *force majeure* shall formally notify the other party without delay, stating the nature, likely duration and foreseeable effects.

II.14.3 The parties shall take the necessary measures to limit any damage due to *force majeure*. They shall do their best to resume the implementation of the action as soon as possible.

II.14.4 The party faced with *force majeure* shall not be held to be in breach of its obligations under the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement if it has been prevented from fulfilling them by *force majeure*.

ARTICLE II.15 – SUSPENSION OF THE IMPLEMENTATION

II.15.1 Suspension of the implementation of an action by the partner

The partner may suspend the implementation of an action or any part thereof, if exceptional circumstances make such implementation impossible or excessively difficult, in particular in the event of *force majeure*. The partner shall inform the Commission without delay, giving all the necessary reasons and details and the foreseeable date of resumption.

Unless the Specific agreement is terminated in accordance with Article II.16.1 or points (b) or (c) of Article II.16.2.2, the partner shall, once the circumstances allow resuming the implementation of the action, inform the Commission immediately and present a request for amendment of the Specific agreement as provided for in Article II.15.3.2.

II.15.2 Suspension of the implementation by the Commission

II.15.2.1 The Commission may suspend the implementation of an action or any part thereof or the implementation of the Framework agreement:

- (a) if the Commission has evidence that the partner has committed substantial errors, irregularities or fraud in the award procedure or in the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreements or if the partner fails to comply with its obligations under those agreements;
- (b) if the Commission has evidence that the partner has committed systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations under other grants funded by the Union or the European Atomic Energy Community which were awarded to the partner under similar conditions, provided that those errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations have a material impact on one or more specific grants awarded under the Framework agreement; or
- (c) if the Commission suspects substantial errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations committed by the partner in the award procedure or in the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreements and needs to verify whether they have actually occurred.

II.15.2.2 The implementation of each action for which a specific grant has been awarded is deemed automatically suspended from the date on which the suspension of the implementation of the Framework agreement takes effect.

II.15.2.3 Before suspending the implementation the Commission shall formally notify the partner of its intention to suspend, specifying the reasons thereof, and, in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article II.15.2.1, the necessary conditions for resuming the implementation. The partner shall be invited to submit observations within 30 calendar days from receipt of this notification.

If, after examination of the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to stop the suspension procedure, it shall formally notify the partner thereof.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to pursue the suspension procedure, it may suspend the implementation by formally notifying the partner thereof, specifying the reasons for the suspension and, in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of Article II.15.2.1, the definitive conditions for resuming the implementation or, in the case referred to in point (c) of Article II.15.2.1, the indicative date of completion of the necessary verification.

The suspension shall take effect on the day of the receipt of the notification by the partner or on a later date, where the notification so provides.

In order to resume the implementation of the Framework agreement or the action, the partner shall endeavour to meet the notified conditions as soon as possible and shall inform the Commission of any progress made in this respect.

Unless the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement is terminated in accordance with Article II.16.1 or points (b), (h) or (i) of Article II.16.2.2, the Commission shall, as soon as it considers that the conditions for resuming the implementation have been met or the necessary verification, including on-the-spot checks, has been carried out, formally notify the partner thereof and invite the partner to present a request for amendment of the Specific agreement concerned, as provided for in Article II.15.3.2 or, where applicable, lay down the necessary adaptations of the Framework agreement, on which the parties need to agree in accordance with Article II.15.3.1.

II.15.3 Effects of the suspension

II.15.3.1 If the Framework agreement is not terminated, it may be adapted to the new implementing conditions in accordance with Article II.12. Such an amendment shall not have as a purpose or effect to extend the period set out in Article I.2.2.

The suspension of the implementation of the Framework agreement and of all automatically suspended actions in accordance with Article II.15.2.2 is deemed lifted as from the date of the notification by the Commission referred to in the sixth subparagraph of Article II.15.2.3. In this case Article II.15.3.2 shall not apply.

II.15.3.2 If the implementation of a suspended action can be resumed and the Specific agreement is not terminated, an amendment to the Specific agreement shall be made in accordance with Article II.12 in order to establish the date on which the action shall be resumed, to extend the duration of the action and to make any other modifications that may be necessary to adapt the action to the new implementing conditions.

The suspension of the implementation of the action is deemed lifted as from the date of resumption of the action agreed by the parties in accordance with the first subparagraph. Such a date may be before the date on which the amendment of the Specific agreement enters into force.

II.15.3.3 Any costs incurred by the partner, during the period of suspension, for the implementation of the suspended action or the suspended part thereof, shall not be reimbursed or covered by the grant.

The right of the Commission to suspend the implementation of the action or of the Framework agreement is without prejudice to its right to terminate the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement in accordance with Article II.16.2 and its right to reduce the grant or recover amounts unduly paid in accordance with Articles II.25.4 and II.26.

Neither party shall be entitled to claim compensation on account of a suspension by the other party.

ARTICLE II.16 – TERMINATION OF THE FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT AND THE SPECIFIC AGREEMENTS

II.16.1 Termination of the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement by the partner

The partner may terminate the Framework agreement at any time by formally notifying the Commission thereof, specifying the date on which the termination shall take effect. The notification shall be sent before the termination is due to take effect. The partner shall complete the implementation of any Specific agreement, governed by the Framework agreement, which has entered into force before the date on which the termination of the Framework agreement takes effect.

In duly justified cases the partner may terminate a Specific agreement by formally notifying the Commission thereof, stating clearly the reasons and specifying the date on which the termination shall take effect. The notification shall be sent before the termination is due to take effect.

If no reasons are given or if the Commission considers that the reasons exposed cannot justify the termination, it shall formally notify the partner, specifying the grounds thereof, and the Specific agreement shall be deemed to have been terminated improperly, with the consequences set out in the third subparagraph of Article II.16.3.

II.16.2 Termination of the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement by the Commission

II.16.2.1 The Commission may decide to terminate the Framework agreement at any time by formally notifying the partner thereof, specifying the date on which the termination shall take effect. The notification shall be sent before the termination is due to take effect. Without prejudice to its right to terminate a Specific agreement according to Article II.16.2.2 and the effects of such a termination according to Article II.16.3, the Commission shall honour its obligations arising from the implementation of any Specific agreement, governed by the Framework agreement, which has entered into force before the date on which the termination of the Framework agreement takes effect.

II.16.2.2 The Commission may decide to terminate the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement in the following circumstances:

- (a) if a change to the partner's legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation is likely to affect the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement substantially or calls into question the Commission's decision to establish the framework partnership or to award the specific grant;
- (b) if the partner does not implement the action as specified in Annex I of the Specific agreement or fails to comply with another substantial obligation incumbent on it under the terms of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement;
- (c) in the event of *force majeure*, notified in accordance with Article II.14, or in the event of suspension by the partner as a result of exceptional circumstances, notified in accordance with Article II.15, where resuming the implementation is impossible or where the necessary modifications to the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement would call into question the Commission's decision to establish the framework partnership or to award the specific grant or would result in unequal treatment of applicants;
- (d) if the partner is declared bankrupt, is being wound up, is having its affairs administered by the courts, has entered into an arrangement with creditors, has suspended business activities, is the subject of any other similar proceedings concerning those matters, or is in an analogous situation arising from a similar procedure provided for in national legislation or regulations;
- (e) if the partner or any related person, as defined in the second subparagraph, have been found guilty of professional misconduct proven by any means;
- (f) if the partner is not in compliance with its obligations relating to the payment of social security contributions or the payment of taxes in accordance with the legal provisions of the country in which it is established or in which the action is implemented;

- (g) if the Commission has evidence that the partner or any related person, as defined in the second subparagraph, have committed fraud, corruption, or are involved in a criminal organisation, money laundering or any other illegal activity detrimental to the Union's financial interests;
- (h) if the Commission has evidence that the partner or any related person, as defined in the second subparagraph, have committed substantial errors, irregularities or fraud in the award procedure or in the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement, including in the event of submission of false information or failure to submit required information in order to establish the framework partnership with the Commission or to obtain a specific grant; or
- (i) if the Commission has evidence that the partner has committed systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations under other grants funded by the Union or the European Atomic Energy Community which were awarded to the partner under similar conditions, provided that those errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations have a material impact on a specific grant awarded under the Framework agreement.

For the purposes of points (e), (g) and (h), "any related person" shall mean any natural person who has the power to represent the partner or to take decisions on its behalf.

II.16.2.3 Before terminating the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement in accordance with Article II.16.2.2, the Commission shall formally notify the partner of its intention to terminate, specifying the reasons thereof and inviting the partner, within 45 calendar days from receipt of the notification, to submit observations and, in the case of point (b) of Article II.16.2.2, to inform the Commission about the measures taken to ensure that it continues to fulfil its obligations under the agreement concerned.

If, after examination of the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to stop the termination procedure, it shall formally notify the partner thereof.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to pursue the termination procedure, it may terminate the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement by formally notifying the partner thereof, specifying the reasons for the termination.

In the cases referred to in points (a), (b), (d) and (f) of Article II.16.2.2, the formal notification shall specify the date on which the termination takes effect. In the cases referred to in points (c), (e), (g), (h) and (i) of Article II.16.2.2, the termination shall take effect on the day following the date on which the formal notification was received by the partner.

II.16.3 Effects of termination

Where a Specific Agreement is terminated, payments by the Commission shall be limited to the amount determined in accordance with Article II.25 on the basis of the eligible costs incurred by the partner and the actual level of implementation of the action on the date when the termination takes effect. Costs relating to current commitments, which are not due for execution until after the termination, shall not be taken into account. The partner shall have 60 days from the date when the termination of the Specific agreement takes effect, as provided for in Articles II.16.1 and II.16.2.3, to produce a request for payment of the balance in accordance with Article II.23.2. If no request for payment of the balance is received within this time limit, the Commission shall not reimburse or cover any costs which are not included in a financial statement approved by it or which are not justified in a technical report approved by it. In accordance with Article II.26, the Commission shall recover any amount already paid, if its use is not substantiated by the technical reports and, where applicable, by the financial statements approved by the Commission.

Where the Commission, in accordance with point (b) of Article II.16.2.2, is terminating the Specific agreement on the grounds that the partner has failed to produce the request for payment and, after a reminder, has still not complied with this obligation within the deadline set out in Article II.23.3, the first subparagraph shall apply, subject to the following:

- (a) there shall be no additional time period from the date when the termination of the Specific agreement takes effect for the partner to produce a request for payment of the balance in accordance with Article II.23.2; and
- (b) the Commission shall not reimburse or cover any costs incurred by the partner up to the date of termination or up to the end of the period set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement, whichever is the earlier, which are not included in a financial statement approved by it or which are not justified in a technical report approved by it.

In addition to the first and second subparagraphs, where the Specific agreement is terminated improperly by the partner within the meaning of Article II.16.1, or where the Specific agreement is terminated by the Commission on the grounds set out in points (b), (e), (g), (h) and (i) of Article II.16.2.2, the Commission may also reduce the specific grant or recover amounts unduly paid in accordance with Articles II.25.4 and II.26, in proportion to the gravity of the failings in question and after allowing the partner to submit its observations.

Neither party shall be entitled to claim compensation by the other party on account of a termination of the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement.

ARTICLE II.17 – ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL PENALTIES

II.17.1 By virtue of Articles 109 and 131(4) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union and with due regard to the principle of proportionality, if the partner has committed substantial errors, irregularities or fraud, has made false declarations in supplying required information or has failed to supply such information at the moment of the

submission of an application or during the implementation of the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement, or has been found in serious breach of its obligations under the Framework agreement or a Specific agreement, it shall be liable to:

- (a) administrative penalties consisting of exclusion from all contracts and grants financed by the Union budget for a maximum of five years from the date on which the infringement is established and confirmed following a contradictory procedure with the partner; and/or
- (b) financial penalties of 2% to 10% of the maximum amount of the specific grant in question as set out in Article 3 of the Specific agreement concerned.

In the event of another infringement within five years following the establishment of the first infringement, the period of exclusion under point (a) may be extended to 10 years and the range of the rate referred to in point (b) may be increased to 4% to 20%.

II.17.2 The Commission shall formally notify the partner of any decision to apply such penalties.

The Commission is entitled to publish such decision under the conditions and within the limits specified in Article 109(3) of Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 966/2012.

An action may be brought against such decision before the General Court of the European Union, pursuant to Article 263 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union ("TFEU").

ARTICLE II.18 – APPLICABLE LAW, SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES AND ENFORCEABLE DECISION

II.18.1 The Framework agreement and any Specific agreement are governed by the applicable Union law complemented, where necessary, by the law of Belgium.

II.18.2 Pursuant to Article 272 TFEU, the General Court or, on appeal, the Court of Justice of the European Union, shall have sole jurisdiction to hear any dispute between the Union and the partner concerning the interpretation, application or validity of the Framework agreement or any Specific agreement, if such dispute cannot be settled amicably.

II.18.3 By virtue of Article 299 TFEU, for the purposes of recoveries within the meaning of Article II.26 or financial penalties, the Commission may adopt an enforceable decision to impose pecuniary obligations on persons other than States. An action may be brought against such decision before the General Court of the European Union pursuant to Article 263 TFEU.

PART B – FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE II.19 – ELIGIBLE COSTS

II.19.1 Conditions for the eligibility of costs

"Eligible costs" of the action are costs actually incurred by the partner which meet the following criteria:

- (a) they are incurred in the period of duration of the action set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement, with the exception of costs relating to the request for payment of the balance and the corresponding supporting documents referred to in Article II.23.2;
- (b) they are indicated in the estimated budget set out in Annex II of the Specific agreement;
- (c) they are incurred in connection with the action as described in Annex I of the Specific agreement and are necessary for its implementation;
- (d) they are identifiable and verifiable, in particular being recorded in the accounting records of the partner and determined according to the applicable accounting standards of the country where the partner is established and with the usual cost accounting practices of the partner;
- (e) they comply with the requirements of applicable tax and social legislation; and
- (f) they are reasonable, justified, and comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.

II.19.2 Eligible direct costs

"Direct costs" of the action are those specific costs which are directly linked to the implementation of the action and can therefore be attributed directly to it. They may not include any indirect costs.

To be eligible, direct costs shall comply with the conditions of eligibility set out in Article II.19.1.

In particular, the following categories of costs are eligible direct costs, provided that they satisfy the conditions of eligibility set out in Article II.19.1 as well as the following conditions:

- (a) the costs of personnel working under an employment contract with the partner or an equivalent appointing act and assigned to the action, comprising actual salaries plus social security contributions and other statutory costs included in the remuneration, provided that these costs are in line with the partner's usual policy on remuneration; those costs may also include additional remunerations, including payments on the basis of supplementary contracts regardless of the nature of those contracts, provided that they are paid in a consistent manner whenever the same kind of work or expertise is required, independently from the source of funding used;

The costs of natural persons working under a contract with the partner other than an employment contract may be assimilated to such costs of personnel, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled:

- (i) the natural person works under the instructions of the partner and, unless otherwise agreed with the partner, in the premises of the partner;
 - (ii) the result of the work belongs to the partner; and
 - (iii) the costs are not significantly different from the costs of staff performing similar tasks under an employment contract with the partner;
- (b) costs of travel and related subsistence allowances, provided that these costs are in line with the partner's usual practices on travel;
 - (c) the depreciation costs of equipment or other assets (new or second-hand) as recorded in the accounting statements of the partner, provided that the asset has been purchased in accordance with Article II.9 and that it is written off in accordance with the international accounting standards and the usual accounting practices of the partner; the costs of rental or lease of equipment or other assets are also eligible, provided that these costs do not exceed the depreciation costs of similar equipment or assets and are exclusive of any finance fee;

Only the portion of the equipment's depreciation, rental or lease costs corresponding to the period set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement concerned and the rate of actual use for the purposes of the action may be taken into account. By way of exception, the Special Conditions or the Specific agreement may provide for the eligibility of the full cost of purchase of equipment, where justified by the nature of the action and the context of the use of the equipment or assets;

- (d) costs of consumables and supplies, provided that they are purchased in accordance with Article II.9 and are directly assigned to the action;
- (e) costs arising directly from requirements imposed by the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement (dissemination of information, specific evaluation of the action, audits, translations, reproduction), including the costs of requested financial guarantees, provided that the corresponding services are purchased in accordance with Article II.9;
- (f) costs entailed by subcontracts within the meaning of Article II.10, provided that the conditions laid down in that Article are met;
- (g) costs of financial support to third parties within the meaning of Article II.11, provided that the conditions laid down in that Article are met;
- (h) duties, taxes and charges paid by the partner, notably value added tax (VAT), provided that they are included in eligible direct costs, and unless specified otherwise in the Special Conditions or in the Specific agreement.

II.19.3 Eligible indirect costs

"Indirect costs" of the action are those costs which are not specific costs directly linked to the implementation of the action and can therefore not be attributed directly to it. They may not include any costs identifiable or declared as eligible direct costs.

To be eligible, indirect costs shall represent a fair apportionment of the overall overheads of the partner and shall comply with the conditions of eligibility set out in Article II.19.1.

Unless otherwise specified in the Article 3 of the Specific agreement, eligible indirect costs shall be declared on the basis of a flat rate of 7% of the total eligible direct costs.

II.19.4 Ineligible costs

In addition to any other costs which do not fulfill the conditions set out in Article II.19.1, the following costs shall not be considered eligible:

- (a) return on capital;
- (b) debt and debt service charges;
- (c) provisions for losses or debts;
- (d) interest owed;
- (e) doubtful debts;
- (f) exchange losses;
- (g) costs of transfers from the Commission charged by the bank of the partner;
- (h) costs declared by the partner in the framework of another action receiving a grant financed from the Union budget (including grants awarded by a Member State and financed from the Union budget and grants awarded by other bodies than the Commission for the purpose of implementing the Union budget); in particular, indirect costs shall not be eligible under a specific grant for an action awarded to the partner when it already receives an operating grant financed from the Union budget during the period in question;
- (i) contributions in kind from third parties;
- (j) excessive or reckless expenditure;
- (k) deductible VAT.

ARTICLE II.20 – IDENTIFIABILITY AND VERIFIABILITY OF THE AMOUNTS DECLARED

II.20.1 Reimbursement of actual costs

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of actual costs, the partner must declare as eligible costs the costs it actually incurred for the action.

If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the costs declared, such as contracts, invoices and accounting records. In addition, the partner's usual accounting and internal control procedures must permit direct reconciliation of the amounts declared with the amounts recorded in its accounting statements as well as with the amounts indicated in the supporting documents.

II.20.2 Reimbursement of pre-determined unit costs or pre-determined unit contribution

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(ii) or (b) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of unit costs or of a unit contribution, the partner must declare as eligible costs or as requested contribution the amount obtained by multiplying the amount per unit specified in Article 3(a)(ii) or (b) of the Specific agreement by the actual number of units used or produced.

If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the number of units declared. However, the partner does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to provide supporting documents, notably accounting statements, to prove the amount declared per unit.

II.20.3 Reimbursement of pre-determined lump sum costs or pre-determined lump sum contribution

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(iii) or (c) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of lump sum costs or of a lump sum contribution, the partner must declare as eligible costs or as requested contribution the global amount specified in Article 3(a)(iii) or (c) of the Specific agreement, subject to the proper implementation of the corresponding tasks or part of the action as described in Annex I to the Specific agreement.

If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the proper implementation. However, the partner does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to provide supporting documents, notably accounting statements, to prove the amount declared as lump sum.

II.20.4 Reimbursement of pre-determined flat-rate costs or pre-determined flat-rate contribution

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(iv) or (d) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of flat-rate costs or of a flat-rate contribution, the partner must declare as eligible costs or as requested contribution the amount obtained by applying the flat rate specified in Article 3(a)(iv) or (d) of the Specific agreement.

If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the eligible costs or requested contribution to which the flat rate applies. However, the partner does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered or to provide supporting documents, notably accounting statements, for the flat rate applied.

II.20.5 Reimbursement of costs declared on the basis of the partner's usual cost accounting practices

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(v) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of unit costs declared on the basis of the partner's usual cost accounting practices, the partner must declare as eligible costs the amount obtained by multiplying the amount per unit calculated in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices by the actual number of units used or produced. If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the number of units declared.

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(v) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of lump sum costs declared on the basis of the partner's usual cost accounting practices, the partner must declare as eligible costs the global amount calculated in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices, subject to the proper implementation of the corresponding tasks or part of the action. If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the proper implementation.

Where, in accordance with Article 3(a)(v) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of flat-rate costs declared on the basis of the partner's usual cost accounting practices, the partner must declare as eligible costs the amount obtained by applying the flat rate calculated in accordance with its usual cost accounting practices. If requested to do so in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27, the partner must be able to provide adequate supporting documents to prove the eligible costs to which the flat rate applies.

In all three cases provided for in the first, second and third subparagraphs, the partner does not need to identify the actual eligible costs covered, but it must ensure that the cost accounting practices used for the purpose of declaring eligible costs are in compliance with the following conditions:

- (a) the cost accounting practices used constitute its usual cost accounting practices and are applied in a consistent manner, based on objective criteria independent from the source of funding;
- (b) the costs declared can be directly reconciled with the amounts recorded in its general accounts; and
- (c) the categories of costs used for the purpose of determining the costs declared are exclusive of any ineligible cost or costs covered by other forms of grant in accordance with Article 3 of the Specific agreement.

Where the Special Conditions provide for the possibility for the partner to request the Commission to assess the compliance of its usual cost accounting practices, the partner may submit a request for assessment, which, where required by the Special Conditions, shall be accompanied by a certificate on the compliance of the cost accounting practices (“certificate on the compliance of the cost accounting practices”).

The certificate on the compliance of the cost accounting practices shall be produced by an approved auditor or, in case of public bodies, by a competent and independent public officer and drawn up in accordance with the Annex VIII.

The certificate shall certify that the partner's cost accounting practices used for the purpose of declaring eligible costs comply with the conditions laid down in the fourth subparagraph and with the additional conditions which may be laid down in the Special Conditions.

Where the Commission has confirmed that the usual cost accounting practices of the partner are in compliance, costs declared in application of these practices shall not be challenged *ex post*, provided that the practices actually used comply with those approved by the Commission and that the partner did not conceal any information for the purpose of their approval.

ARTICLE II.21 – ELIGIBILITY OF COSTS OF ENTITIES AFFILIATED TO THE PARTNER

Where the Special Conditions or the Specific agreement contain a provision on entities affiliated to the partner, costs incurred by such an entity are eligible, provided that they satisfy the same conditions under Articles II.19 and II.20 as apply to the partner, and that the partner ensures that the conditions applicable to it under Articles II.3, II.4, II.5, II.7, II.9, II.10, and II.27 are also applicable to the entity.

ARTICLE II.22 – BUDGET TRANSFERS

Without prejudice to Article II.10 and provided that the action is implemented as described in Annex I of the Specific agreement, the partner is allowed to adjust the estimated budget set out in Annex II of the Specific agreement, by transfers between the different budget categories, without this adjustment being considered as an amendment of the Specific agreement within the meaning of Article II.12.

The first subparagraph does not apply to amounts which, in accordance with Article 3(a)(iii) or (c) of the Specific agreement, take the form of lump sums.

ARTICLE II.23 – TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL REPORTING – REQUESTS FOR PAYMENT AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

II.23.1 Requests for further pre-financing payments and supporting documents

Where, in accordance with Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement, the pre-financing shall be paid in several instalments and where Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement provides for a further pre-financing payment subject to having used all or part of the previous instalment, the partner may submit a request for a further pre-financing payment once the percentage of the previous instalment specified in Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement has been used.

Where, in accordance with Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement, the pre-financing shall be paid in several instalments and where Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement provides for a further pre-financing payment at the end of a reporting period, the partner shall submit a request for a further pre-financing payment within 60 days following the end of each reporting period for which a new pre-financing payment is due.

In both cases, the request shall be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) a progress report on implementation of the action (“technical report on progress”);
- (b) a statement on the amount of the previous pre-financing instalment used to cover costs of the action (“statement on the use of the previous pre-financing instalment”), drawn up in accordance with Annex V; and
- (c) where required by Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement, a financial guarantee.

II.23.2 Requests for interim payments or for payment of the balance and supporting documents

The partner shall submit a request for an interim payment or for payment of the balance within 60 days following the end of each reporting period for which, in accordance with Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement, an interim payment or the payment of the balance is due.

This request shall be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) an interim report (“interim technical report”) or, for the payment of the balance, a final report on implementation of the action (“final technical report”), drawn up in accordance with Annex IV; the interim or final technical report must contain the information needed to justify the eligible costs declared or the contribution requested on the basis of unit costs and lump sums where the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of unit or lump sum costs or of a unit or lump sum contribution in accordance with Article 3(a)(ii), (iii), (b) or (c) of the Specific agreement, as well as information on subcontracting as referred to in Article II.10.2(d);

- (b) an interim financial statement (“interim financial statement”) or, for the payment of the balance, a final financial statement (“final financial statement”); the interim or final financial statements must include a breakdown of the amounts claimed by the partner and its affiliated entities; it must be drawn up in accordance with the structure of the estimated budget set out in Annex II of the Specific agreement and with Annex V and detail the amounts for each of the forms of grant set out in Article 3 of the Specific agreement for the reporting period concerned;
- (c) only for the payment of the balance, a summary financial statement (“summary financial statement”); this statement must include a breakdown of the amounts declared or requested by the partner and its affiliated entities, aggregating the financial statements already submitted previously and indicating the receipts referred to in Article II.25.3.2 for the partner and its affiliated entities; it must be drawn up in accordance with Annex V;
- (d) a certificate on the financial statements and underlying accounts (“certificate on the financial statements”) where the following conditions are met:

- (i) in case of a specific grant for an action, where such a certificate is required by Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement or where both the total contribution in the form of reimbursement of actual costs as referred to in Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement is at least EUR 750 000 and the partner requests a reimbursement in that form of at least EUR 325 000 (when adding all previous reimbursements in that form for which a certificate on the financial statements has not been submitted),

- (ii) in case of a specific operating grant, where such a certificate is required by Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement or where the total contribution in the form of reimbursement of actual costs as referred to in Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement is at least EUR 100 000.

This certificate shall be produced by an approved auditor or, in case of public bodies, by a competent and independent public officer and drawn up in accordance with Annex VI. It shall certify that the costs declared in the interim or final financial statement by the partner or its affiliated entities for the categories of costs reimbursed in accordance with Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement are real, accurately recorded and eligible in accordance with the Framework agreement and the Specific agreement. In addition, for the payment of the balance, it shall certify that all the receipts referred to in Article II.25.3.2 have been declared; and

- (e) where required by Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement, an operational verification report (“operational verification report”), produced by an independent third party approved by the Commission and drawn up in accordance with Annex VII.

This report shall state that the actual implementation of the action as described in the interim or final report complies with the conditions set out in the Framework agreement and the Specific agreement.

The partner shall certify that the information provided in the request for interim payment or for payment of the balance is full, reliable and true. It shall also certify that the costs incurred can be considered eligible in accordance with Framework agreement and the Specific agreement and that the request for payment is substantiated by adequate supporting documents that can be produced in the context of the checks or audits described in Article II.27. In addition, for the payment of the balance, it shall certify that all the receipts referred to in Article II.25.3.2 have been declared.

II.23.3 Non-submission of documents

Where the partner has failed to submit a request for interim payment or payment of the balance accompanied by the documents referred to above within 60 days following the end of the corresponding reporting period and where the partner still fails to submit such a request within 60 days following a written reminder sent by the Commission, the Commission reserves the right to terminate the Specific agreement in accordance with Article II.16.2.2(b), with the effects described in the second and the third subparagraphs of Article II.16.3.

II.23.4 Currency for requests for payment and financial statements and conversion into euro

Requests for payment and financial statements shall be drafted in euro.

Where the partner keeps its general accounts in a currency other than the euro, it shall convert costs incurred in another currency into euro at the average of the daily exchange rates published in the C series of *Official Journal of the European Union*, determined over the corresponding reporting period. Where no daily euro exchange rate is published in the *Official Journal of the European Union* for the currency in question, conversion shall be made at the average of the monthly accounting rates established by the Commission and published on its website (http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro_en.cfm), determined over the corresponding reporting period.

Where the partner keeps its general accounts in euro, it shall convert costs incurred in another currency into euro according to its usual accounting practices.

ARTICLE II.24 – PAYMENTS AND PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

II.24.1 Pre-financing

The pre-financing is intended to provide the partner with a float.

Without prejudice to Article II.24.6, where Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement provides for a pre-financing payment upon entry into force of the Specific agreement, the Commission shall pay to the partner within 30 days following that date or, where required by Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement, following receipt of the financial guarantee.

Where payment of pre-financing is conditional on receipt of a financial guarantee, the financial guarantee shall fulfill the following conditions:

- (a) it is provided by a bank or an approved financial institution or, at the request of the partner and acceptance by the Commission, by a third party;
- (b) the guarantor stands as first-call guarantor and does not require the Commission to have recourse against the principal debtor (i.e. the partner); and
- (c) it provides that it remains in force until the pre-financing is cleared against interim payments or payment of the balance by the Commission and, in case the payment of the balance is made in the form of a debit note, three months after the debit note is notified to the partner. The Commission shall release the guarantee within the following month.

II.24.2 Further pre-financing payments

Without prejudice to Articles II.24.5 and II.24.6, on receipt of the documents referred to in Article II.23.1, the Commission shall pay to the partner the new pre-financing instalment within 60 days.

Where the statement on the use of the previous pre-financing instalment submitted in accordance with Article II.23.1 shows that less than 70% of the previous pre-financing instalment paid has been used to cover costs of the action, the amount of the new pre-financing to be paid shall be reduced by the difference between the 70% threshold and the amount used.

II.24.3 Interim payments

Interim payments are intended to reimburse or cover the eligible costs incurred for the implementation of the action during the corresponding reporting periods.

Without prejudice to Articles II.24.5 and II.24.6, on receipt of the documents referred to in Article II.23.2, the Commission shall pay to the partner the amount due as interim payment within the time limit specified in Article 4.2 of the Specific agreement.

This amount shall be determined following approval of the request for interim payment and of the accompanying documents and in accordance with the fourth, fifth and sixth subparagraphs. Approval of the request for interim payment and of the accompanying documents shall not imply recognition of the regularity or of the authenticity, completeness and correctness of the declarations and information it contains.

Without prejudice to any ceiling set out in Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement and to Articles II.24.5 and II.24.6, the amount due as interim payment shall be determined as follows:

- (a) where, in accordance with Article 3(a) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of eligible costs, the amount obtained by application of the reimbursement rate specified in that Article to the eligible costs of the action approved by the Commission for the concerned reporting period and the corresponding categories of costs, for the partner and its affiliated entities; if Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement specifies another reimbursement rate, this other rate shall be applied instead;

- (b) where, in accordance with Article 3(b) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of a unit contribution, the amount obtained by multiplying the unit contribution specified in that Article by the actual number of units approved by the Commission for the concerned reporting period for the partner and its affiliated entities;
- (c) where, in accordance with Article 3(c) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of a lump sum contribution, the lump sum specified in that Article for the partner and its affiliated entities, subject to approval by the Commission of the proper implementation during the concerned reporting period of the corresponding tasks or part of the action in accordance with Annex I of the Specific agreement;
- (d) where, in accordance with Article 3(d) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of a flat-rate contribution, the amount obtained by applying the flat rate referred to in that Article to the eligible costs or to the contribution accepted by the Commission for the concerned reporting period for the partner and its affiliated entities.

Where Article 3 of the Specific agreement provides for a combination of different forms of grant, these amounts shall be added.

Where Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement requires that the interim payment clears all or part of the pre-financing paid to the partner, the amount of pre-financing to be cleared shall be deducted from the amount due as interim payment, as determined in accordance with the fourth and fifth subparagraphs.

II.24.4 Payment of the balance

The payment of the balance, which may not be repeated, is intended to reimburse or cover after the end of the period set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement the remaining part of the eligible costs incurred by the partner for its implementation. Where the total amount of earlier payments is greater than the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25, the payment of the balance may take the form of a recovery as provided for by Article II.26.

Without prejudice to Articles II.24.5 and II.24.6, on receipt of the documents referred to in Article II.23.2, the Commission shall pay the amount due as the balance within the time limit specified in Article 4.2 of the Specific agreement.

This amount shall be determined following approval of the request for payment of the balance and of the accompanying documents and in accordance with the fourth subparagraph. Approval of the request for payment of the balance and of the accompanying documents shall not imply recognition of the regularity or of the authenticity, completeness and correctness of the declarations and information it contains.

The amount due as the balance shall be determined by deducting, from the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25, the total amount of pre-financing and interim payments already made.

II.24.5 Suspension of the time limit for payment

The Commission may suspend the time limit for payment specified in Article 4.2 of the Specific agreement or in Article II.24.2 at any time by formally notifying the partner that its request for payment cannot be met, either because it does not comply with the provisions of the Framework agreement and the Specific agreement, or because the appropriate supporting documents have not been produced, or because there is doubt about the eligibility of the costs declared in the financial statement.

The partner shall be notified as soon as possible of any such suspension, together with the reasons thereof.

Suspension shall take effect on the date when notification is sent by the Commission. The remaining payment period shall start to run again from the date on which the requested information or revised documents are received or the necessary further verification, including on-the-spot checks, is carried out. Where the suspension exceeds two months, the partner may request a decision by the Commission on whether the suspension is to be continued.

Where the time limit for payment has been suspended following the rejection of one of the technical reports or financial statements provided for by Article II.23 and the new report or statement submitted is also rejected, the Commission reserves the right to terminate the Specific agreement in accordance with Article II.16.2.2(b), with the effects described in Article II.16.3.

II.24.6 Suspension of payments

The Commission may, at any time during the implementation of a Specific agreement, suspend the pre-financing payments, interim payments or payment of the balance:

- (a) if the Commission has evidence that the partner has committed substantial errors, irregularities or fraud in the award procedure or in the implementation of the grant, or if the partner fails to comply with its obligations under the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement;
- (b) if the Commission has evidence that the partner has committed systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations under other grants funded by the Union or by the European Atomic Energy Community which were awarded to that partner under similar conditions, provided that those errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations have a material impact on a specific grant awarded under the Framework agreement; or
- (c) if the Commission suspects substantial errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations committed by the partner in the award procedure or in the implementation of the Framework agreement or the Specific agreement and needs to verify whether they have actually occurred.

Before suspending payments, the Commission shall formally notify the partner of its intention to suspend payments, specifying the reasons thereof and, in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph, the necessary conditions for resuming payments. The partner shall be invited to make any observations within 30 calendar days from receipt of this notification.

If, after examination of the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to stop the procedure of payment suspension, the Commission shall formally notify the partner thereof.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to pursue the procedure of payment suspension, it may suspend payments by formally notifying the partner, specifying the reasons for the suspension and, in the cases referred to in points (a) and (b) of the first subparagraph, the definitive conditions for resuming payments or, in the case referred to in point (c) of the first subparagraph, the indicative date of completion of the necessary verification.

The suspension of payments shall take effect on the date when the notification is sent by the Commission.

In order to resume payments, the partner shall endeavour to meet the notified conditions as soon as possible and shall inform the Commission of any progress made in this respect.

The Commission shall, as soon as it considers that the conditions for resuming payments have been met or the necessary verification, including on-the-spot checks, has been carried out, formally notify the partner thereof.

During the period of suspension of payments and without prejudice to the right to suspend the implementation in accordance with Article II.15.1 or to terminate the Specific agreement in accordance with Article II.16.1, the partner is not entitled to submit any requests for payments and supporting documents referred to in Article II.23.

The corresponding requests for payments and supporting documents may be submitted as soon as possible after resumption of payments or may be included in the first request for payment due following resumption of payments in accordance with the schedule laid down in Article 4 of the Specific agreement.

II.24.7 Notification of amounts due

The Commission shall formally notify the amounts due, specifying whether it is a further pre-financing payment, an interim payment or the payment of the balance. In the case of payment of the balance, it shall also specify the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Article II.25.

II.24.8 Interest on late payment

On expiry of the time limits for payment specified in Article 4.2 of the Specific agreement and in Articles II.24.1 and II.24.2, and without prejudice to Articles II.24.5 and II.24.6, the partner is entitled to interest on late payment at the rate applied by the European Central Bank for its main refinancing operations in euros ("the reference rate"), plus three and a half

points. The reference rate shall be the rate in force on the first day of the month in which the time limit for payment expires, as published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

The first subparagraph shall not apply where the partner is a Member State of the Union, including regional and local government authorities and other public bodies acting in the name and on behalf of the Member State.

The suspension of the time limit for payment in accordance with Article II.24.5 or of payment by the Commission in accordance with Article II.24.6 may not be considered as late payment.

Interest on late payment shall cover the period running from the day following the due date for payment, up to and including the date of actual payment as established in Article II.24.10. The interest payable shall not be considered for the purposes of determining the final amount of grant within the meaning of Article II.25.3.

By way of derogation from the first subparagraph, when the calculated interest is lower than or equal to EUR 200, it shall be paid to the partner only upon request submitted within two months of receiving late payment.

II.24.9 Currency for payments

Payments by the Commission shall be made in euro.

II.24.10 Date of payment

Payments by the Commission shall be deemed to be effected on the date when they are debited to the Commission's account.

II.24.11 Costs of payment transfers

Costs of the payment transfers shall be borne in the following way:

- (a) costs of transfer charged by the bank of the Commission shall be borne by the Commission;
- (b) costs of transfer charged by the bank of the partner shall be borne by the partner;
- (c) all costs of repeated transfers caused by one of the parties shall be borne by the party which caused the repetition of the transfer.

ARTICLE II.25 – DETERMINING THE FINAL AMOUNT OF A SPECIFIC GRANT

II.25.1 Calculation of the final amount

Without prejudice to Articles II.25.2, II.25.3 and II.25.4, the final amount of the specific grant shall be determined as follows:

- (a) where, in accordance with Article 3(a) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of the reimbursement of eligible costs, the amount obtained by application of the reimbursement rate specified in that Article to the eligible costs of the action approved by the Commission for the corresponding categories of costs, for the partner and its affiliated entities;
- (b) where, in accordance with Article 3(b) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of a unit contribution, the amount obtained by multiplying the unit contribution specified that Article by the actual number of units approved by the Commission for the partner and its affiliated entities;
- (c) where, in accordance with Article 3(c) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of a lump sum contribution, the lump sum specified in that Article for the partner and its affiliated entities, subject to approval by the Commission of the proper implementation of the corresponding tasks or part of the action in accordance with Annex I of the Specific agreement;
- (d) where, in accordance with Article 3(d) of the Specific agreement, the grant takes the form of a flat-rate contribution, the amount obtained by applying the flat rate referred to in that Article to the eligible costs or to the contribution accepted by the Commission for the partner and its affiliated entities.

Where Article 3 of the Specific agreement provides for a combination of different forms of grant, these amounts shall be added.

II.25.2 Maximum amount

The total amount paid to the partner by the Commission may in no circumstances exceed the maximum amount specified in Article 3 of the Specific agreement.

Where the amount determined in accordance with Article II.25.1 exceeds this maximum amount, the final amount of the grant shall be limited to the maximum amount specified in Article 3 of the Specific agreement.

II.25.3 No-profit rule and taking into account of receipts

II.25.3.1 The specific grant may not produce a profit for the partner, unless specified otherwise in the Special Conditions or in the Specific agreement. "Profit" shall mean a surplus of the receipts over the eligible costs of the action.

II.25.3.2 The receipts to be taken into account are the receipts established, generated or confirmed on the date on which the request for payment of the balance is drawn up by the partner, which fall within one of the following two categories:

- (a) income generated by the action; or
- (b) financial contributions specifically assigned by the donors to the financing of the eligible costs of the action reimbursed by the Commission in accordance with Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement.

II.25.3.3 The following shall not be considered as a receipt to be taken into account for the purpose of verifying whether the grant produces a profit for the partner:

- (a) financial contributions referred to in point (b) of Article II.25.3.2, which may be used by the partner to cover costs other than the eligible costs under the Specific agreement;
- (b) financial contributions referred to in point (b) of Article II.25.3.2, the unused part of which is not due to the donor at the end of period set out in Article 2.2 of the Specific agreement;
- (c) in case of a specific operating grant, amounts dedicated to the building up of reserves.

II.25.3.4 The eligible costs to be taken into account are the eligible costs approved by the Commission for the categories of costs reimbursed in accordance with Article 3(a) of the Specific agreement.

II.25.3.5 Where the final amount of the grant determined in accordance with Articles II.25.1 and II.25.2 would result in a profit for the partner, the profit shall be deducted in proportion to the final rate of reimbursement of the actual eligible costs of the action approved by the Commission for the categories of costs referred to in Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement. This final rate shall be calculated on the basis of the final amount of the grant in the form referred to in Article 3(a)(i) of the Specific agreement, as determined in accordance with Articles II.25.1 and II.25.2.

II.25.4 Reduction for poor, partial or late implementation

If the action is not implemented or is implemented poorly, partially or late, the Commission may reduce the grant initially provided for, in line with the actual implementation of the action according to the terms laid down in the Framework agreement and the Specific agreement.

ARTICLE II.26 – RECOVERY

II.26.1 Financial responsibility

Where an amount is to be recovered under the terms of the Framework agreement and any Specific agreement, the partner shall repay the Commission the amount in question. The partner shall be responsible for the repayment of any amount unduly

paid by the Commission as a contribution towards the costs incurred by its affiliated entities.

II.26.2 Recovery procedure

Before recovery, the Commission shall formally notify the partner of its intention to recover the amount unduly paid, specifying the amount due and the reasons for recovery and inviting the partner to make any observations within a specified period.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted by the partner, the Commission decides to pursue the recovery procedure, the Commission may confirm recovery by formally notifying to the partner a debit note (“debit note”), specifying the terms and the date for payment.

If payment has not been made by the date specified in the debit note, the Commission shall recover the amount due:

- (a) by offsetting it against any amounts owed to the partner by the Union or the European Atomic Energy Community (Euratom) (“offsetting”); in exceptional circumstances, justified by the necessity to safeguard the financial interests of the Union, the Commission may recover by offsetting before the due date; the partner’s prior consent shall not be required; an action may be brought against such offsetting before the General Court of the European Union pursuant to Article 263 TFEU;
- (b) by drawing on the financial guarantee where provided for in accordance with Article 4.1 of the Specific agreement (“drawing on the financial guarantee”);
- (c) by taking legal action in accordance with Article II.18.2 or with the Special Conditions or by adopting an enforceable decision in accordance with Article II.18.3.

II.26.3 Interest on late payment

If payment has not been made by the date set out in the debit note, the amount due shall bear interest at the rate established in Article II.24.8. Interest on late payment shall cover the period running from the day following the due date for payment, up to and including the date when the Commission actually receives payment in full of the outstanding amount.

Any partial payment shall first be appropriated against charges and interest on late payment and then against the principal.

II.26.4 Bank charges

Bank charges incurred in connection with the recovery of the sums owed to the Commission shall be borne by the partner except where Directive 2007/64/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 November 2007 on payment

services in the internal market amending Directives 97/7/EC, 2002/65/EC, 2005/60/EC and 2006/48/EC and repealing Directive 97/5/EC applies.

ARTICLE II.27 – CHECKS, AUDITS AND EVALUATION

II.27.1 Technical and financial checks or audits and interim and final evaluations

The Commission may carry out technical and financial checks and audits in relation to the use of a specific grant. It may also check the statutory records of the partner for the purpose of periodic assessments of lump sum, unit cost or flat-rate amounts.

Information and documents provided in the framework of checks or audits shall be treated on a confidential basis.

In addition, the Commission may carry out interim or final evaluation of the impact of an action measured against the objective of the Union programme concerned.

Checks, audits or evaluations made by the Commission may be carried out either directly by its own staff or by any other outside body authorised to do so on its behalf.

Such checks, audits or evaluations may be initiated during the implementation of the Specific agreement and for a period of five years starting from the date of payment of the balance for the action concerned. This period shall be limited to three years if the maximum amount specified in Article 3 of the Specific agreement is not more than EUR 60 000.

The check, audit or evaluation procedure shall be deemed to be initiated on the date of receipt of the letter of the Commission announcing it.

II.27.2 Duty to keep documents

The partner shall keep all original documents, especially accounting and tax records, stored on any appropriate medium, including digitalised originals when they are authorised by its national law and under the conditions laid down therein, for a period of five years starting from the date of payment of the balance for the action concerned.

This period shall be limited to three years if the maximum amount specified in Article 3 of the Specific agreement is not more than EUR 60 000.

The periods set out in the first and second subparagraphs shall be longer if there are on-going audits, appeals, litigation or pursuit of claims concerning the grant, including in the case referred to in Article II.27.7. In such cases, the partner shall keep the documents until such audits, appeals, litigation or pursuit of claims are closed.

II.27.3 Obligation to provide information

The partner shall provide any information, including information in electronic format, requested by the Commission, or by any other outside body authorised by it, in the context of checks, audits or evaluations as referred to in Article II.27.1.

In case the partner does not comply with the obligation set out in the first subparagraph, the Commission may consider:

- (a) any cost insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the partner as ineligible;
- (b) any unit, lump sum or flat-rate contribution insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the partner as undue.

II.27.4 On-the-spot visits

During an on-the-spot visit, the partner shall allow Commission staff and outside personnel authorised by the Commission to have access to the sites and premises where the action concerned is or was carried out, and to all the necessary information, including information in electronic format.

It shall ensure that the information is readily available at the moment of the on-the-spot visit and that information requested is handed over in an appropriate form.

In case the partner refuses to provide access to the sites, premises and information in accordance with the first and second subparagraphs, the Commission may consider:

- (a) any cost insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the partner as ineligible;
- (b) any unit, lump sum or flat-rate contribution insufficiently substantiated by information provided by the partner as undue.

II.27.5 Contradictory audit procedure

On the basis of the findings made during the audit, a provisional report (“draft audit report”) shall be drawn up. It shall be sent by the Commission or its authorised representative to the partner, which shall have 30 days from the date of receipt to submit observations. The final report (“final audit report”) shall be sent to the partner within 60 days of expiry of the time limit for submission of observations.

II.27.6 Effects of audit findings

On the basis of the final audit findings, the Commission may take the measures which it considers necessary, including recovery of all or part of the payments made by it under the Specific agreement concerned, in accordance with Article II.26.

In the case of final audit findings made after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered shall correspond to the difference between the revised final amount of the specific grant, determined in accordance with Article II.25, and the total amount paid to the partner under the Specific agreement for the implementation of the action.

II.27.7 Correction of systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations

- II.27.7.1** The Commission may take all measures which it considers necessary, including recovery of all or part of the payments made by it under a Specific agreement, in accordance with Article II.26, where the following conditions are fulfilled:

- (a) the partner is found, on the basis of an audit of other grants awarded to it under similar conditions, to have committed systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations that have a material impact on a specific grant awarded under the Framework agreement; and
- (b) the final audit report containing the findings of the systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations is received by the partner within the period referred to in Article II.27.1.

II.27.7.2 The Commission shall determine the amount to be corrected under the Specific agreement concerned:

- (a) wherever possible and practicable, on the basis of costs unduly declared as eligible under the Specific agreement.

For that purpose, the partner shall revise the financial statements submitted under the Specific agreement taking account of the findings and resubmit them to the Commission within 60 days from the date of receipt of the final audit report containing the findings of the systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations.

In the case of systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations found after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered shall correspond to the difference between the revised final amount of the specific grant concerned, determined in accordance with Article II.25 on the basis of the revised eligible costs declared by the partner and approved by the Commission, and the total amount paid to the partner under the Specific agreement for the implementation of the action;

- (b) where it is not possible or practicable to quantify precisely the amount of ineligible costs under the Specific agreement, by extrapolating the correction rate applied to the eligible costs for the grants for which the systemic or recurrent errors or irregularities have been found.

The Commission shall formally notify the extrapolation method to be applied to the partner, which shall have 60 days from the date of receipt to submit observations and to propose a duly substantiated alternative method.

If the Commission accepts the alternative method proposed by the partner, it shall formally notify the partner thereof and determine the revised eligible costs by applying the accepted alternative method.

If no observations have been submitted or if the Commission does not accept the observations or the alternative method proposed by the partner, the Commission shall formally notify the partner thereof and determine the revised eligible costs by applying the extrapolation method initially notified to the partner.

In the case of systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations found after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered shall correspond to the difference between the revised final amount of the specific grant concerned, determined in accordance with Article II.25 on the basis of the revised eligible costs

after extrapolation, and the total amount paid to the partner under the Specific agreement for the implementation of the action; or

- (c) where ineligible costs cannot serve as a basis for determining the amount to be corrected, by applying a flat rate correction to the specific grant, having regard to the principle of proportionality.

The Commission shall formally notify the flat rate to be applied to the partner, which shall have 60 days from the date of receipt to submit observations and to propose a duly substantiated alternative flat rate.

If the Commission accepts the alternative flat rate proposed by the partner, it shall formally notify the partner thereof and correct the grant amount by applying the accepted alternative flat rate.

If no observations have been submitted or if the Commission does not accept the observations or the alternative flat rate proposed by the partner, the Commission shall formally notify the partner thereof and correct the grant amount by applying the flat rate initially notified to the partner.

In the case of systemic or recurrent errors, irregularities, fraud or breach of obligations found after the payment of the balance, the amount to be recovered shall correspond to the difference between the revised final amount of the specific grant concerned after flat-rate correction and the total amount paid to the partner under the Specific agreement for the implementation of the action.

II.27.8 Checks and inspections by OLAF

The European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) shall have the same rights as the Commission, notably right of access, for the purpose of checks and investigations.

By virtue of Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspections carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against fraud and other irregularities and Regulation (EC) No 1073/1999 of the European Parliament and the Council of 25 May 1999 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), OLAF may also carry out on-the-spot checks and inspections in accordance with the procedures laid down by Union law for the protection of the financial interests of the Union against fraud and other irregularities.

Where appropriate, OLAF findings may lead to recovery by the Commission.

II.27.9 Checks and audits by the European Court of Auditors

The European Court of Auditors shall have the same rights as the Commission, notably right of access, for the purpose of checks and audits.



EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Secretariat-General

Directorate B - Institutional and Administrative Policies

SG.B.1-Corporate Management, Budget and Administration

ANNEX III – MODEL SPECIFIC GRANT AGREEMENT

SPECIFIC AGREEMENT No .../..

This specific agreement (hereinafter referred to as "the Specific agreement") is concluded between:

The European Union (hereinafter referred to as "the Union"), represented by the European Commission (hereinafter referred to as "the Commission"), itself represented for the purposes of signature of this agreement by Julien GUERRIER, Head of Unit SG.B1,

on the one part,

and

The European University Institute (EUI)
via Dei Roccettini 9
I- 50016 SAN DOMENICO DI FIESOLE (FI)

hereinafter referred to as "the partner", represented for the purposes of signature of the Specific agreement by Pasquale FERRARA, Secretary General,

on the other part,

The following annexes form an integral part of the Specific agreement:

Annex I: Description of the action / work programme 2014

Annex II: Estimated budget for the action and motivation

ARTICLE 1 – SUBJECT MATTER OF THE SPECIFIC AGREEMENT

The agreement is concluded in the context of the partnership established between the parties. It is drawn up in accordance with the relevant terms of framework partnership agreement No FA2014 signed between the Commission and the partner on (hereinafter referred to as "the Framework agreement").

The Commission has decided to award a grant, under the terms and conditions set out in the Specific agreement and the Framework agreement, for the action entitled "Management of the EU Historical Archives" ("the action") as described in Annex I.

With the signature of the Specific agreement, the partner accepts the grant and agrees to implement the action in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Specific agreement and the Framework agreement, acting on its own responsibility.

ARTICLE 2 – ENTRY INTO FORCE OF THE SPECIFIC AGREEMENT AND DURATION

- 2.1** The Specific agreement shall enter into force on the date on which the last party signs.
- 2.2** The action shall begin on 1 January 20xx, the starting date of the action, and run for 12 months.

ARTICLE 3 - MAXIMUM AMOUNT AND FORM OF THE GRANT

The grant shall be of a **maximum amount of EUR [...]** and shall take the form of:

- (a) The reimbursement of 100% of the eligible costs of the action ("reimbursement of eligible costs"), which are estimated at EUR [...] and which are:

(i) actually incurred (“reimbursement of actual costs”) for the following categories of costs by the partner:

- Staff of the EU Historical Archives (pay and social charges)
- Functioning costs of the of EU Historical Archives
- Employer pension contributions for staff of the EU Historical Archives
- Costs related to work done for DORIE

(ii) reimbursement of unit costs: not applicable

(iii) reimbursement of lump sum costs: not applicable

(iv) reimbursement of flat-rate costs: not applicable

(v) reimbursement of costs declared on the basis of the partner's usual cost accounting practices: not applicable

- (b) Unit contribution: not applicable
- (c) Lump sum contribution: not applicable
- (d) Flat-rate contribution: not applicable

ARTICLE 4 – ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS ON REPORTING, PAYMENTS AND PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

4.1 Reporting periods, payments

In addition to the provisions set out in Articles II.23 and II.24 of the Framework agreement, the following reporting and payment arrangements shall apply:

- Upon entry into force of the Specific agreement, a pre-financing payment of 50% of the maximum amount specified in Article 3 shall be paid to the partner.
- A second pre-financing payment may be requested after 30 June of the year of the Specific Agreement, provided that at least 80% of the first pre-financing payment has been used up. The second pre-financing payment shall represent 40% of the maximum amount specified in Article 3.
- At the end of the period set out in Article 2.2 the balance shall be paid to the partner subject to the receipt of an annual activity report and financial statement in accordance with Annex I point 9 and Article II.23.2 of the Framework agreement.

By way of derogation from Article II.23.2(d) of the Framework agreement, the partner shall not submit a certificate on the financial statements.

4.2 Time limit for payments

The time limit for the Commission to make interim payments and payment of the balance is 60 days.

4.3 Language of requests for payments, technical reports and financial statements

All requests for payments, technical reports and financial statements shall be submitted in English or French.

ARTICLE 5 – BANK ACCOUNT FOR PAYMENTS

All payments shall be made to the partner's bank account as indicated below:

Name of bank: CASSA DI RISPARMIO DI FIRENZE
Address of branch: VIA BUFALINI 6 – 50100 FIRENZE
Precise denomination of the account holder: ISTITUTO UNIVERSITARIO EUROPEO
Full account number (including bank codes): 01600280057775
IBAN account code: IT350061600280000000577C75
BIC: CRFIT3F

SIGNATURES

For the partner
Pasquale FERRARA
Secretary General

For the Commission
Julien GUERRIER
Head of Unit

MODEL SPECIFIC GRANT AGREEMENT – NOT
FOR SIGNATURE

signature
Done at Firenze, on

signature
Done at Brussels, on

In duplicate in English